VZCZCXRO7379 OO RUEHCHI RUEHDT RUEHHM RUEHNH DE RUEHVN #0125/01 0451123 ZNR UUUUU ZZH O 141123Z FEB 07 FM AMEMBASSY VIENTIANE TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 0889 INFO RUCNASE/ASEAN MEMBER COLLECTIVE RUEHBJ/AMEMBASSY BEIJING 2096 RUEHBS/AMEMBASSY BRUSSELS 0308 RUEHBY/AMEMBASSY CANBERRA 0971 RUEHNE/AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI 0135 RUEHFR/AMEMBASSY PARIS 0215 RUEHRO/AMEMBASSY ROME 0102 RUEHKO/AMEMBASSY TOKYO 1134 RUEHCN/AMCONSUL CHENGDU 0192 RUEHCHI/AMCONSUL CHIANG MAI 0510 RUEHHK/AMCONSUL HONG KONG 7749 RUEHGV/USMISSION GENEVA 0588 RUEHIN/AIT TAIPEI 0122 RUEAIIA/CIA WASHDC RUEHPH/CDC ATLANTA GA RHHMUNA/CDR USPACOM HONOLULU HI RUEHRC/DEPT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON DC RUEAUSA/DEPT OF HHS WASHINGTON DC RUEKJCS/SECDEF WASHINGTON DC

UNCLAS SECTION 01 OF 03 VIENTIANE 000125

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DEPT FOR G, CA/OCS/ACS/EAP, EAP/EX, EAP/MLS, EAP/EP, INR, OES/STC(BATES), OES/IHA (SINGER AND COMELLA), MED, AND H

STATE PASS TO USAID FOR ANE AND GH (CARROLL, CLEMENTS, AND JENNINGS)

STATE PASS TO USTR (BISBEE)

STATE PASS TO HHS/OGHA (WSTEIGER, ELVANDER, AND ABHAT)

USDA PASS TO APHIS

SECDEF FOR OSD/ISA/AP (STERN)

BANGKOK FOR RMO, DCD, USAID (MACARTHUR AND BRADY)

ROME FOR RAO

USPACOM ALSO FOR FPA HUSO

E.O. 12958: N/A

TAGS: TBIO KFLU SOCI SCUL PREL AMED AMGT CASC EAGR EAID

ETRD, LA

SUBJECT: AVIAN INFLUENZA: AI FOUND IN BIRDS IN VIENTIANE (WEEKLY REPORT FOR FEBRUARY 14, 2007)

REF: VIENTIANE 36

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11. SUMMARY: The Lao government's avian influenza (AI) coordinator told donors on February 13 that two wild ducks in Vientiane had tested positive for avian influenza. Tests on two possible human cases are underway; initial results are negative. END SUMMARY.

Reports of H5N1 Positive Ducks in Vientiane

12. There is a new outbreak of avian influenza in Vientiane. Dr. Bounnlay Phommasack, Director of the National Avian and Human Influenza Coordinating Office (NAHICO), announced in an AI Ministerial Donor Meeting on February 13 positive H5N1 infections in otherwise healthy ducks screened at the National Center for Animal Health. Chicken deaths attributed to an AI outbreak in Si Chiang

Mai District, Nong Khai Province, Thailand (directly across the Mekong River from Vientiane) in January 2007 prompted intensive monitoring for possible bird and human cases in Lao villages on the opposite bank of the Mekong River. While over 70 chicken deaths were found negative for H5N1, surveillance of over 2000 live chicken and ducks in Vientiane Capital yielded two positive "roaming" ducks in Dongsabath Village, Sisattanak, Vientiane Municipality, on the basis of Direct Rapid Antigen Detection Testing at the National Center for Animal Health. Specimens have been sent to Vietnam for confirmatory purposes (vice Thailand as in the case during the Saythany H5N1 outbreak in July 2006).

## Testing for Human H5N1 Cases

- 13. The National Center for Laboratory and Epidemiology (NCLE) carried out first-time testing for two human "cases under investigation" with newly established functional RT-PCR laboratory capacity. Initial results are negative; these findings will be confirmed at the NIID (Japan) as part of the WHO Worldwide Influenza Surveillance Network.
- 14. The CDC Vietnam AI Coordinator was able to procure urgently needed reagent from his colleagues at the National Institute of Hygiene and Epidemiology/Hanoi, despite the fact that it was Tet New Year. Unfortunately, it took Fedex three days to fly the reagent from Hanoi to Vientiane a one-hour plane trip apart. Although the epidemiology does not appear compatible with a possible H5N1 infection, this testing capability, established by the CDC-WHO collaboration in Laos, adds significantly to detection and surveillance efforts.

Emergency Response Training

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 $\underline{\P}5$ . The Assistant Director, Office of Terrorism, Preparedness and Emergency Response, and the Senior Operations Management Consultant, US CDC, provided instruction on the Automated Disaster and Emergency Planning Tool (ADEPT) at the invitation of the National Avian and Human Influenza Coordinating Office (NAHICO). NAHICO Director Dr. Bounlay Phommasack said that ADEPT has the potential to help the GOL prepare a National Avian and Influenza Response Plan (not to be confused with the established National Avian and Human Influenza Pandemic Preparedness Plan). Participants were particularly impressed with ADEPT's ability to introduce managerial vice tasking input in assigning responsibilities, and to organize a process involving disparate groups, e.g., security, health, environmental sanitation, logistics and warehousing, agriculture, etc. A tentative implementation schedule was provided to NAHICO after discussions with US CDC Laos, FAO, and WHO. The CDC representatives were advised by the Embassy Infectious Diseases Coordinator to consult with the US CDC Influenza Division is strengthening the scientific worth of measures as related to avian influenza.

## Local Training

- 16. The CDC-WHO collaboration continued its support for projects throughout Laos, with "train the trainer" regional workshops targeting: a) rapid district level responders in Oudom Xay, Champassak, and Luang Prabang Provinces; and b) clinical providers in Luang Prabang, Champassak, and Savannakhet provincial Hospitals.
- 17. The Embassy's Infectious Diseases Coordinator participated in the Inter-Regional Knowledge Sharing Series on Avian and Human Influenza; Seminal 3 Compensation Policies: Issues and Good Practices. Requested from participants was greater commentary on the use of non-monetary compensation packages, particularly in countries, including Laos, that have weak financial mechanisms to ensure equitable, reasonable, and uncorrupted distribution. One example provided was buying into vaccinated local bird stocks, particularly where national coverage is little or none.
- 18. The Embassy's Infectious Diseases Coordinator is participating

in a WHO Checklist Review to ensure surveillance and laboratory compliance with newly established measures as part of the Internal Health Regulations (IHR). Focus has been on better incorporating the Early Warning Outbreak Recognition System (EWORS) network into National Outbreak Response Activities.

## Louis Pasteur Institute in Laos

19. The Minister of Health, Dr. Ponemek Dalaloy, presented the proposed organization of the new Lao National Institute of Hygiene, Epidemiology, Prevention and Promotion (LANIHEPP) to the AI Donor

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Group. He outlined the organizational framework that would comprise the Center for Laboratory and Epidemiology, alongside that of an Institute Pasteur Lao (IPL). Emphasizing that LANIHEPP would be a Lao entity preserving Lao National Reference Diagnostic ownership and prerogative, the Minister said that the envisioned IPL would provide critical research and training assistance and support.

- 110. The Minister used the AI donor group as the forum to familiarize the international community with the proposed LANIHEPP. The GOL sought to enlist support in making up the current 5.5 million euro shortfall of the projected 8.8 million euro projected cost. The EU Representative suggested a re-direction of funds recently obligated from the World Bank Trust in support of AI Pandemic capacity building initiatives. Ambassador Haslach supported the concept of a LANIHEPP (to include the Institute Pasteur Lao) provided that this remains a Lao National Institution and that issues concerning sharing and proprietary ownership are addressed. She advised the Minister to also look to the private philanthropic sector in the United States and elsewhere for support in realizing the LANIHEPP vision.
- 111. The Minister of Health has since expressed interest in visiting New York as part of a trip to North America to seek out possible assistance from Rockefeller and other possible funding sources.

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